

# The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, TUE-DAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 20, 1894.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

## PLATT A TRAITOR.

Dr. Parkhurst Has a Poor Opinion of New York Boss.

After the Victory is Won Platt Comes Around He Says.

## WORSE THAN CROKER.

He Represents a Phase of Rank American Politics.

Bossism is the Next Thing to be Bottled.

LAKESIDE, N. Y., Nov. 20.—Rev. Dr. Parkhurst has changed his quarters in Lakeside, N. Y., and is now the guest of Mr. Francis P. Freeman at Edgemore. He occupies the rooms occupied by the Clevelanders when they were being entertained by Mr. Freeman. Dr. Parkhurst said last night that he had read Mr. Platt's statement.

"Mr. Platt waits till victory has been gained, complete and overwhelming, at great expense and then endeavors to get his work in. He shows himself about and out-traitor to the town. I wish that the community would assert itself in some way and put an end to him and his ways. For every good deed that has been done and would be accomplished, he is able to suffer because of his doublings."

"Mr. Platt is a much worse man than Croker to deal with. It is much more difficult to reason with him. I would much rather fight him. Crokers than this man Platt, who represents nothing more than a phase of rank American politics. People of New York have bossism next to Tammany."

"Bossism is distinctly un-American and now that Tammany is outlawed, we must take hold of the other and throttle its pernicious and mischievous conferences."

The statement of Mr. Platt which caused Dr. Parkhurst to express himself so vehemently was made in regard to the late election, and is as follows:

"I venture the prediction that any attempts on the part of self-constituted committees or ambitious busy-bodies to forestall their work and 'boss' the action of the legislature will be resented by Mr. Llewellyn and his associates and by the people generally. As for the new municipal administration, Mr. Strong will have my earnest support in all his undertakings. Such influence as I have will be his whenever he wants it. I predict that the present legislature will supplement the work of the Republican constitutional convention by adopting such reform measures as will be calculated to insure fair elections and good municipal government."

"The law provides for the maintenance of the bipartisan character of the police board. In no way can there be a guarantee of fair elections. A single head may be suitable enough for other departments of the city government, but the principle of the new constitutional amendments should be sacredly adhered to, so far as it affects the police board."

## GEN. EZETA IN LOVE.

Not Very Affectionate But a Pretty Girl That Takes Him to San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 20.—General Antonio Ezeta tonight will arrive in San Francisco. He left Mexico on Thursday commissioned, to the dispatches intimate, to purchase ammunition and supplies generally, to be used in the event of a war between Mexico and Guatemala. If prominent members of San Francisco society are correctly informed, however, the general is not in the service of Mrs. but on the contrary has been lured by Cupid.

While a prisoner in this city he fell a victim to the charms of one of California's prettiest daughters, but his sudden flight prevented his paying his addresses in proper form. He now returns to the city, if possible, the conquest of the lady's heart. Ezeta is a native white man, usually imprudent in the California hotel. The lady, Mrs. Bessie Paxton, occupied apartments on the same floor. A friendship sprang up through Mrs. Paxton's blind boy, who strayed into Ezeta's room to hear the soldiers' stories of fighting.

## WAITE ON THE PLATFORM.

The Colorado Governor Will Enter the Lecture Field.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 20.—Governor Denney has decided to go upon the lecture platform. He is already making a short tour in the west before his term expires, delivering his first lectures at St. Louis, Nov. 19 and 20, going from there to Chicago.

## MISS STEVENSON DYING.

The Daughter of the Vice President Cannot Live.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—A special dispatch from New York says: News was received here that Miss Mary Stevenson, eldest daughter of the vice president, is in a critical condition and that the members of the family have been summoned to her bedside.

## Gould and Sage Sue.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 20.—Papers in the foreclosure suit begun at St. Paul, November 17, by George Gould and Russell Sage, trustees for the bondholders to foreclose the mortgage on the Denver Pacific Railway and Telegraph company have been filed in the United States court at Denver in order to facilitate court proceedings that may be found necessary in the future.

## POWERS MUST STEP IN.

Turkish Outrages Must Stop or They Will be Stopped.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—A dispatch from Berlin to the daily News says that the Vossische Zeitung declares that if the Porte is unable to stop the oppression in Armenia the powers must step in, when it is most likely that Armenia will be separated from Turkey.

## EASY TO RESTORE LIFE.

Dr. D'Arsonval Explains His Method of Resuscitating People Killed by Electricity. LONDON, Nov. 20.—In connection with the restoration to life by D'Arsonval's method of a man at Pittsfield, Mass., who had received 4,500 volts of electricity in his body a correspondent saw Dr. D'Arsonval and obtained some particulars. "I am not surprised at the news," said the doctor. "The man was dead no doubt, that is to say, respiration had ceased. I don't know who the doctor could have been who applied my method. I have no one who represents me in the United States, but the system is very simple and the remedy consists in restoring respiration."

"I discovered the remedy in 1887, when I immediately communicated the results of my investigations to the Institute de L'Academie des Sciences. I commenced with animals and restored life in this way in six instances. In regard to men, I have succeeded four times when they were found by electricity, industrial or artificial."

"I discovered this by studying cases of death by electricity. I found nothing after the most careful examination in the lungs, heart or head to explain the cause of death. It was a purely nervous action, which caused death. Now there is a connection between the respiratory system and the nervous system."

"Take the case of a foreman for instance. He delivers what is supposed to be a mortal blow back of the neck. The animal falls and every one says that the animal is dead. This is really not the case. What the foreman has done is that he has touched the spinal column, and that is to say, a point known as the vital de alourens, so called from its discovery. The shock is communicated to the respiratory system, which ceases to work, and this is apparent death. To restore this action respiration may be artificially resorted to, in practically the same way as an apparently drowned man is treated."

## AGAINST MCCASEY.

Charges to Be Filed By Populists on November 20.

Since Dr. J. H. McCassey, who is still superintendent of the insane asylum, says he is willing to turn his office over to the Republicans whenever they demand his resignation, the Populists who are pushing the charges against him, will attempt to have him ousted by his own party.

When the state board of charities meets at the asylum on Thursday the Populists who have prepared the formal charges against Dr. McCassey will present them to the board, and will demand that they ask for his resignation to take effect November 20.

If the board of charities does not take the desired action, the twelve charges and 200 specifications against Dr. McCassey will, on December 1, be presented to Governor Leavelle.

The governor will be requested to order a legislative investigation with the view of ousting Dr. McCassey under Populist rule, that the present administration may receive credit for the removal.

## TILLOTSON ACQUITTED.

The Lawrence Jury Finds Him Not Guilty of Criminal Libel.

City Attorney D. C. Tillotson, who was charged by J. G. Manley, of Lawrence, with criminal libel, was acquitted by the jury late yesterday afternoon. The jury, after being out about half an hour, returned a verdict of not guilty. The trial of the case in the Douglas county district court occupied most of Friday and Saturday last, and yesterday Judge Benham instructed the jury. Judge Benham cited especially a decision of Chief Justice Horion in the Forty-fourth Kansas, page 384, in the case of the State against W. S. Watt, who, in his paper, the Lincoln Beacon, condemned a jury much as Mr. Tillotson did. The decision reads: "I think that every newspaper has a right to comment on matters of public concern, provided it is done fairly and honestly. I do not think that such comments are libelous, however severe in their terms, unless they are written and published maliciously. I think the administration of the law, the verdicts of juries, the conduct of suitors, their lawyers and witnesses are all matters of lawful comment by newspapers as soon as the trial is over."

Mr. Tillotson offered to submit the case to the jury without argument, but the prosecution would not consent and both County Attorney Bishop and Mr. Barber argued the case. Mr. Manley the complaining witness did not testify in the case.

There was no evidence to show that Mr. Manley was in any way paid, or given any consideration, to change his original position in his agreement on a verdict, but there was testimony to the effect that after he agreed to a \$30,000 verdict, he afterwards stated in the jury room that he was opposed to a verdict so large because he understood the city of Topeka was willing to pay a much larger sum. This is the ground on which Mr. Tillotson says he based his statements in the interview, and he meant to show that Mr. Manley was "tampered with" to the extent of influences outside of the jury room as shown in the testimony.

## LAFE PENCE TELLS WHY

The "Ins." Whoever They Were, Had to Get Out.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Congressman Lafe Pence of Colorado who was defeated for re-election, has returned to this city for the winter. Mr. Pence, who is a Populist, thinks his party was beaten in Colorado simply because it was in power in the state government.

"There was a general disposition all over the country at the late election to strike down the dominant power," he says. Then Mr. Pence says that Gov. Walte's crazy and uncertain course in many important matters cost the Populists thousands of votes. Finally, he thinks the American Protective association influence, which is rather strong in Colorado, was exerted in behalf of the Republicans. The entire judicial ticket was selected by the American Protective association. "As to the future of the political parties in Colorado," said Mr. Pence, "it is hard to prophesy. It is not at all probable, however, that the Republican triumph will be permanent."

## BISMARCK CAN'T LAST

The Prince's Son Interviewed as to His Father's Health.

The Great "Iron Chancellor" Cannot Live Much Longer.

## IS WEAKENED BY AGE.

His Feelings Toward the New Chancellor Hohenlohe.

It is Intimated That the Men Are Not Friendly.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes an interview this afternoon which one of its correspondents has had with Count Herbert Bismarck in Berlin. Referring to the health of his father, Prince Bismarck, the count said: "You should not forget that my father's age is beyond the allotted time of the Bible. He has weathered many storms and has had little leisure in life. But his hardest trials have come within the past four years, and at a time of life when he should be spared every aggravation of anxiety. Add to this his active, ever busy intellect, his deep concern for every important question of the day, and more than all, his concern for Germany's prosperity, to which he has devoted his life, to say nothing of the deaths of his friends, and I question if any other man has traveled like tempests with better results."

"But he is fast getting old. He suffers from no organic disease. He is weakened by time and cannot, even with the greatest precautions, continue much longer. We, of course, are very anxious about him and he is scarcely ever out of our sight. Of necessity we are prepared for the worst."

When questioned in regard to the friendship of Prince Hohenlohe, the new chancellor for Prince Bismarck, Count Herbert said: "We are no nearer a solution than before. Of course the new chancellor is a perfect gentleman, but there are factors near him which always necessitate a difference of opinion."

"Do you consider the appointment to the chancellorship and to the office of governor of Alsace-Lorraine, looking forward to the meeting of the national executive committee of the league in St. Louis, November 27, as an event of special importance to the west? It is probable that the fate of the league will be decided at the meeting. If new life cannot be infused into the organization, its members are of the opinion that it should be disbanded."

"The lack of interest on the part of the silver producing states is the most discouraging feature about the work," said Mr. Johnson. "It is possible that we can arrange at St. Louis for a meeting of all the silver producing states, and discuss the situation, but it depends upon the silver men themselves. Unless silver producers and large business men of Colorado and other mountain states come to the front at once, I see little hope for the cause of free coinage for years to come."

Mr. Johnson says that the Republican party is a golden rule party, and is bound by indismissible ties to the Wall Street policy. He regards President Cleveland as bent on drawing as large a portion of the Democratic party as possible into gold monometallism.

Mr. Johnson prophesies that as a matter of salvation, the Democratic party will be obliged to declare for free coinage of silver, and show its sincerity by nominating an out-and-out free coinage man for president.

"There is no use," he says, "to carry the free coinage war into the east as long as the west is divided on the best means of carrying on the fight. The west demands a golden rule now, and not until silver advances present a united front in this region can we hope for relief east of the Mississippi."

Then with a meaning laugh, Count Bismarck is reported to have added: "In Russia and your father," continued the Pall Mall Gazette interviewer.

"In that case," Count Bismarck remarked, "I see no purpose for disturbing the happy dream." Further, Count Herbert Bismarck is said to have added a jibe which convinced the interviewer that Prince Bismarck and Prince Hohenlohe are not on friendly terms.

Asked about the new czar of Russia, Count Herbert said: "A new and particularly youthful monarch nearly always makes changes, some more startling than others. That depends upon the temperament of the sovereign."

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## SAYS IT IS INEVITABLE.

Hellmuth Storer Believes National Protection of Railroad Employees is Sure to Come.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Representative Storer, of the commerce commission of the house, and one of the leaders in formulating legislation affecting railroads and commerce, says:

"The recommendations of the national strike commission cannot be embodied into law at the coming session, as the time is too short to take up such a great question. But a law on the general lines suggested by the commission is sure to come at an early day, and railroad men will consult their own interests if they recognize and accept the inevitable."

"It was an experiment for the federal government to give its protection to a class of employees. Already the national shipping laws protect sailors. The latter cannot be hired and discharged at will, but must be hired for a definite time and the federal law protects them. The government has been so careful to guard this class of employees that sailors have the extreme right of labeling a ship and tying it up for non-payment of wages."

"It is rather singular therefore to hear surprise expressed at the suggestion that railroad and other interstate corporation employees should have the benefit of a national law. The shipping laws have demonstrated the wisdom of such a law. Never hear of a sailor being unjustly discharged. There are no sailors' strikes. And the analogy between vessel men and railroad men is so close that what has proved to be good for one will undoubtedly be good for the other."

Mr. Storer says it would be entirely feasible for the interstate commerce commission to be given charge of the national railroad laws which would obviate the necessity of creating a new session. "The two great questions, I am hopeful of seeing passed at the coming session," said Mr. Storer, "are the Nicaragua canal bill and the bill permitting railway pooling under certain limitations."

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## DEATH WAS NEAR.

A Sixty-Foot Smokestack on a Chicago Office Building Falls.

One Hundred and Twenty-five Persons Are Badly Injured.

## WIND BLEW IT DOWN.

Millionaire Handy and Attorney Milchrist Seriously Hurt.

Crowds of Clerks in the Building Are Panic Stricken.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—A sixty foot steel smoke stack was torn from the University club building by the wind today and crashing into the skylight of the Handy Abstract building on Washington street, drove a shower of broken glass into the offices below, dangerously injuring two men and cutting and bruising almost every one of the 125 people in the offices. The dangerously hurt are H. H. Handy, president of the Handy Abstract Co., C. O. Fiedick, a man who was seriously injured are: Ex-United States District Attorney Thomas Milchrist, Taylor H. Snow, a real estate dealer; G. A. Tallman, clerk; J. O'Connor, clerk, and M. H. Brown, an attorney.